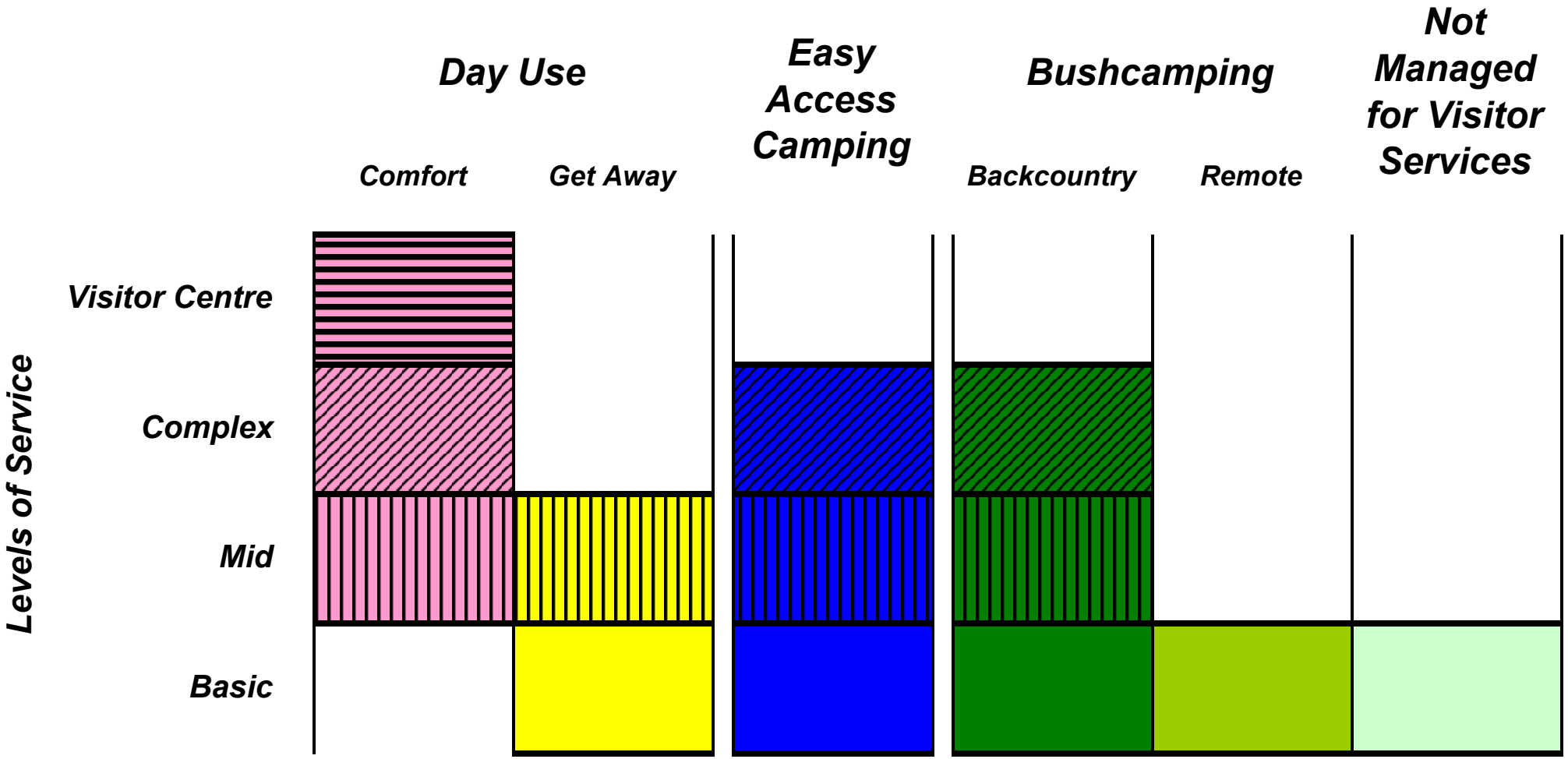
Tasmania Parks and Wildlife Service Reserve Standards Framework (2014)

The Tasmania Parks and Wildlife Service describes their Reserve Standards Framework thus:

Visitor sites are subject to the Reserves Standard Framework (RSF). The RSF is an important component of the PWS visitor risk management policy and is related to the Recreational Opportunity Spectrum (ROS). Sites are attributed with their level of acceptable public risk, neutral, moderate, substantial or severe. This layer is an important strategic recreation management tool, that defines the level of expectation and service levels for each site classification. The sites represent the land footprints of a visitor activity (ie campsites, visitor centres, picnic areas etc). In addition the footprints of management activity are also included (ie workshops, offices, staff housing). Refer to attached document links for more detail on the site classifications. Sites are on reserved and crown land.

Reserves Standards Framework Site Classification Matrix



Services	Day Use – Comfort			Reference and Standards
Nature of Visit	**Mid**	**Complex**	**Visitor Centres**	
Visit Description	**Stopover Visitors.** Visitors stop for up to 2 hours to look at features usually on the way to another destination. Visit often incorporates a drink/meal break, a stretch of the legs or short walk and viewing of natural features and interpretive signs: **or**, may be over 2 hours in duration restricted to the site. Often associated with family or other social group outing. Activities include barbeques /picnics & group recreation.	**Stopover Visitors.** Visitors stop for up to 2 hours to look at features usually on the way to another destination. Visit often incorporates a drink/meal break, a stretch of the legs or short walk and viewing of natural features and interpretive signs;	**Stopover Visitors**. Visitors stop for up to 2 hours to look at features usually on the way to another destination. Visit often incorporates a drink/meal break, a stretch of the legs or short walk and viewing of natural features & and interpretive signs.	Reserve Management Code of Practice 2003 (RMCP)
Site Planning				
Levels of Planning[1]	None - Concept Plan	Site Plan including full public consultation.	Site Plan including full public consultation.	
MP Zoning				
Land Management Zone	Recreation	Recreation, Visitor Service	Recreation, Visitor Service	Land Management Zoning System
World Heritage Area Zone	Recreation	Recreation, Visitor Service	Recreation, Visitor Service	TWWHA Management Plan (1999)
Access				
Roads – surface (when required)	Class 2-4 or FPC Access Standard 2WD (unmade-made)	Class 1-3 Sealed 2WD	Class 1-2 Sealed 2WD	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Disabled access	None – Wheelchair accessible	None – Wheelchair accessible	Wheelchair accessible	AS 1428 Design for Access and Mobility (2001) See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Carpark surface	None/Unmade or Hardened (made)	Hardened (made/sealed)	Hardened (made/sealed)	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources–RMCP–Roads
Car parking Area2	Informal - Formal/defined	Formal/defined	Formal/defined	See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Car parking Space3	Informal	Informal-Marked/allocated	Marked	
Disabled parking (allocated/not)	Unmarked	Unmarked-Marked/allocated	Marked/allocated	
Coach parking	None - Informal	Informal-Marked/allocated	Marked/allocated	
Amenities				
Toilet - system	None, or for environmental reasons only – non flush to mini flush (dependant of available services)	Yes - flushing	Yes.- flushing	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013) Building Act 2000
Toilet - structure	None - Building unlined.	Building fully lined impervious.	Building fully lined impervious.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas) Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas) (NCC) National Construction Code, Code See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Showers (Hot & Cold)	None	None	Hot & Cold (where provided).	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013) Building Act 2000, (NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Shower enclosure	None	None	Building – Lined and impervious	(NCC) National Construction Code See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Toilet & Shower - Hygiene and Cleanliness	Where provided amenities will be serviced as required for health and safety, facilities maintenance, and to keep clean and free of litter and graffiti.	Facilities clean, free of litter, graffiti and objectionable odours at all times	Facilities clean, free of litter and objectionable odours at all times.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Water	None – potable with signage	Yes potable with signage	Yes potable with signage	See Key Sources – RMCP – Drinking Water Quality Guidelines Public Health Act 1997 (Tas),
Lighting (facility, site, area, …)	None	Facilities and for navigation of site.	Facilities and for navigation of site.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – Built Structures
Seats & Tables	None – Minimal	As defined by Site Plan	As defined by Site Plan.	See Key Sources – RMCP - Built Structures

	Day Use – Comfort			Reference and Standards
	Mid	**Complex**	**Visitor Centres**	
Shelter	None – Basic (as defined by Concept Plan)	As defined by Site Plan	As defined by Site Plan.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Fireplace/ BBQ's	None - Defined where provided	Defined where provided	Defined where provided	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Telephone	None	None	Where service available (gold phone style).	Responsibility of Service Provider
Built structures	None- or as specified by the Concept Plan. Restricted to the construction of registration booths, shelters, toilets as necessary per type for environmental purposes only.	All building development will be defined by the Site Plan.	All building development will be defined by the Site Plan.	TWWHA Management Plan (1999), Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas) (NCC) National Construction Code See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Recreation				
Walking tracks (where provided)	W2 – T2 (PWS) Class 2 – 3 (AS 2156)	W1 – T1 (PWS) Class 1 – 3 (AS 2156)	W1 – W2 (PWS) Class 1 – 2 (AS 2156)	, PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (4), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks , See Key Sources – RMCP – Walking Tracks
Information & Signage				
Orientation signs	None or Limited	Comprehensive	Comprehensive	PWS Outdoor Sign Manual (V1.1 2008) PWS (2003) Hazard Signage Standard Operating Procedures AS 2899.1 (1986) Public Information Symbol Signs AS 2342 Design and Use of Graphic Symbols AS 2342 (1992) Development, testing and implementation of information and safety symbols and symbolic signs See Key Sources – RMCP – Information Signs & Interpretation.
Interpretation signs	None - Limited (management only)	Limited to Comprehensive	Comprehensive	
Pre-visit info	None – General to site specific information. Where provided, may be in Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guide. Website – included in Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guide	Site specific information. Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guide. Website – included in Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guide.	Site specific brochures. Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guide. Website – site specific.	
Management				
Litter/rubbish	Carry out policy	Carry out policy	Collection/recycling	Where established bins are provided, litter is not to exceed the capacity of the bins
Staff patrol and inspections	Infrequent	Regular-programmed	Staffed during office hours	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Tree management	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy, , PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (4), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Landscape and vegetation management	Slashing for fire or human safety only, or mowing/slashing for fire safety and basic visitor access. Rehabilitation in degraded areas is acceptable.	Mowing/slashing/planting for visitor access, open space and aesthetic appeal. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable	Mowing /slashing/ planting for visitor access, open space and aesthetic appeal. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Consistent with statutory Management Plans PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (4), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Visitor Risk Control Spectrum				
Acceptable Risk Level	Neutral - Moderate	Neutral - Moderate	Neutral	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy

1. Where plans do not currently exist, the preparation of a Development Application (DA) for a Visitor Site will trigger the plan requirement
2. A *car parking area* may contain a single car parking space or many car parking spaces
3. A *car parking space* is the space in which a single vehicle parks
4. **Includes Hand Rail Requirements**

Reserves Standards Framework
Service Standards for Day Use – Get Away Visitor Sites

Services	Day Use – Get Away		Reference and Standards
Nature of Visit	**Basic**	**Mid**	
Visit Description	Day Visitors – Get Away. Get-away visitors often undertake either one specific or various nature-based activities in a natural setting. The typical get-away visitor requires limited facilities. This group seeks to go beyond the security of facilities such as toilets, barbecues, picnic benches and shelters, and often undertake longer day walks of 2 hour or more in duration.		Reserve Management Code of Practice 2003 (RMCP)
Site Planning			
Levels of Planning[1]	None or Basic Concept Plan.	Concept – Site Plan.	
MP Zoning			
Land Management Zone	Recreation	Recreation	Land Management Zoning System
World Heritage Area Zone	Recreation	Recreation	TWWHA Management Plan (1999)
Access			
Roads – surface (when required)	Class 4 or FPC Access Standard (4X4) 4X4 or 2WD	Class 3-4 or FPC Access Standard (4X4) 2WD or 4X4 as specified by concept plan.	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Disabled access	None	None	
Carpark surface	None or commensurate with adjacent/associated Visitor Site conditions.	None or commensurate with adjacent/associated Visitor Site conditions.	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Car parking Area[2]	Informal.	Informal – defined	See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Car parking Space[3]	Informal	Informal. May include designated parking areas for vehicles with boat trailers/horse floats	
Disabled parking (allocated/not)	Unallocated/unmarked	Unallocated/unmarked	
Coach parking	None	None	
Amenities			
Toilet – system	For environmental purposes only – non flush	For environmental purposes only - non flush to mini flush (dependant of available services).	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013) (NCC) National Construction Code, Building Act 2000
Toilet – structure	Where provided, buildings are unlined.	Where provided, buildings are unlined.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas), Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas) (NCC) National Construction Code See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Showers (Hot & Cold)	None	None	
Shower enclosure	None	None	
Toilet – Hygiene and Cleanliness	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Water	None – Not potable with signage	None – Not potable with signage	See Key Sources – RMCP – Drinking Water Quality Guidelines Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Lighting (facility, site, area, …)	None	None	
Seats & Tables	None	None	
Shelter	None	None	
Fireplace/BBQ's	Defined where provided	Defined where provided.	(NCC) National Construction Code, TWWHA Management Plan (1999), See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Telephone	None	None	
Food Service	None	None	
Built structures	Restricted to the construction of walker registration booths and toilets as necessary per type for environmental purposes only.	As specified by the Concept Plan or Site Plan.	Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas) (NCC) National Construction Code See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures

	Day Use – Get Away		Reference and Standards
	Basic	**Mid**	
Recreation			
Walking tracks (where provided)	T2 – T3 (PWS) Class 3 - 4 (AS 2156)	T1 – T2 (PWS) Or as specified in the Site Plan. Class 3 (AS 2156)	PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (4), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks, TWWHA Management Plan (1999), See Key Sources – RMCP – Walking Tracks
Boat ramps and jetties (where provided)	None – boat size and tide dependent. For recreational and management craft only. To be determined with MAST in accordance with purpose and environmental context.	None – Hi and low tide access. Size dependent. For recreational vessels and management craft only. To be determined with MAST in accordance with purpose and environmental context	AS 3962-(2001) Guidelines for design of marinas
Horse riding trails & infrastructure (where provided)	None - Informal	Where formalised horse riding trails are managed by the PWS they shall be maintained in accordance with the Concept/Site Plan.	Concept/Site Plan
Information & Signage			
Orientation signs	None or Limited	Limited	PWS Outdoor Sign Manual (V1.1 2008) PWS (2003) Hazard Signage Standard Operating Procedures AS 2899.1 Public Information Symbol Signs (1986) AS 2342 Design and Use of Graphic Symbols AS 2342 (1992) Development, testing and implementation of information and safety symbols and symbolic signs See Key Sources – RMCP – Information signs and Interpretation.
Interpretation signs	None-Limited (management only)	Limited – restricted to facilities	
Pre-visit info	None – Limited	General to site specific information. Regional/ Statewide Visitor's Guides Website – included in Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guides. Note: Information related to walking tracks to be consistent with the publicity guidelines outlined in the PWS Walking Track Classification System.	
Management			
Litter/rubbish	Carry out policy	Carry out policy	Where established bins are provided, litter is not to exceed the capacity of the bins
Staff patrol and inspections	Infrequent	Infrequent	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy, PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (4), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Tree management	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Landscape, vegetation management	None or consistent with zoning prescriptions. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	None or consistent with zoning prescriptions. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Consistent with statutory Management Plans PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (4), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Visitor Risk Control Spectrum			
Acceptable Risk Level	Substantial-Severe	Moderate-Substantial	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy

1. Where plans do not currently exist; the preparation of a Development Application (DA) for a Visitor Site will trigger the plan requirement.
2. A *car parking area* may contain a single car parking space or many car parking spaces.
3. A *car parking space* is the space in which a single vehicle parks.
4. **Includes Hand Rail Requirements**

Reserves Standards Framework

Service Standards for Easy Access Camping Visitor Sites

Services	Easy Access Camping			Reference and Standards
Nature of Visit	**Basic (2WD or 4WD)**	**Mid (2WD)**	**Complex (2WD)**	
Visit Description	Easy Access Campers (incorporating Social and Solitary campers). Overnight camping in easily accessible campsites with a family group and or with friends. Easy Access Campers can be further described as being *social* or *solitary* campers. For Social Campers, the *social* aspect of the camping experience (eg. parties, group games and activities) is as important as the natural setting; while Solitary Campers favour small groups and little or no contact with other people. Edgar (managed by Hydro) and Huon (managed by PWS) campgrounds are two examples, with the former being predominantly used by Social Campers and the later by Solitary Campers.			Reserve Management Code of Practice 2003 (RMCP)
Site Planning				
Levels of Planning[1]	None or Concept Plan	Concept Plan	Site Plan including full public consultation.	
MP Zoning				
Land Management Zone	Visitor Service	Visitor Service	Visitor Service	Land Management Zoning System
World Heritage Area Zone	Visitor Service, Recreation	Visitor Service, Recreation	Visitor Service	TWWHA Management Plan (1999)
Access				
Roads – surface (when required)	2WD - Class 3-4 4WD – FPC access Standard.	Class 2 – 4 2WD	Class 1 – 3 2WD	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Campsite vehicle access	FPC Access Standard.	FPC Access Standard or better.	FPC Access Standard or better.	Forest Practices Code (2000)
Disabled access	None	None – Wheelchair accessible.	None – Wheelchair accessible.	AS 1428 Design for Access and Mobility (2001) See Key Sources – RMCP - Roads
Carpark surface	None	None or Hardened	Hardened	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Car parking Area[2]	Informal-defined	Informal-defined	Formal-defined	See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Car parking Space[3]	Informal	Informal	Informal–marked	
Disabled parking (allocated/not)	Unmarked	Unmarked	Unmarked – Marked/allocated	
Coach parking	None-Informal	None-Informal	Informal - Marked/allocated	
Campsite[4] definition	Informal	Informal-Formal	Defined and numbered	
Camping Area[5] definition	Informal-Formal	Defined	Defined	
Amenities				
Toilet - system	For environmental reasons only - non flush	For environmental reasons only - non flush to mini flush (dependant of available services).	Provided - flushing	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013) Building Act 2000
Toilet - structure	Building unlined.	Building unlined.	Building fully lined impervious.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas), Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas), (NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Showers (Hot & Cold)	None	None–Cold	Hot & Cold	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013) Building Act 2000, (NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Shower enclosure	None	Where provided building–Lined recess impervious, building unlined.	Building–Lined and impervious.	
Toilet & Shower - Hygiene and Cleanliness	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Programmed facilities maintenance, clean and free of litter and graffiti.	Facilities clean, free of litter and objectionable odours at all times.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Water	None - Not potable with signage.	None – Not potable with signage.	Yes (potable)	See Key Sources – RMCP – Drinking Water Quality Guidelines Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Lighting (facility, site, area, …)	None	None	Facilities for navigation of site.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Seats & Tables	None–Minimal	Limited	As defined by site plan.	See Key Sources – RMCP- Built Structures
Shelter	None	None	As defined by site plan.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures

	Easy Access Camping			Reference and Standards
	Basic (2WD or 4WD)	Mid (2WD)	Complex (2WD)	
Fireplace/BBQ's	Defined where provided.	Defined where provided.	Defined where provided.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Telephone	None	None	Where service is available (gold phone style).	Responsibility of Service Provider
Food Service	None	As per concept plan	As per site plan	Not Applicable
Powered Sites	None	None	Yes (caravan sites where applicable).	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Built structures	Restricted to the construction of registration booths, shelters, toilets, necessary per type for environment purposes only.	As specified by the concept plan.	All building development will be defined by the site plan.	Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas), (NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Recreation				
Walking tracks (where provided)	2WD access – W2 – T2 (PWS) Class 2–3 (AS2156) 4WD access T3–T4 (PWS Class 3–4 (AS2156)	W2 – T2 (PWS) Class 2 – 3 (AS2156)	W1 – W2 (PWS) Class 1 – 2 (AS 2156)	AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), TWWHA Management Plan (1999), See Key Sources – RMCP – Walking Tracks
Information & Signage				
Directional signs (to camping area)	None–All	Some–All	All	PWS Outdoor Sign Manual (V1.1 2008) PWS (2003) Hazard Signage Standard Operating Procedures AS 2899.1 Public Information Symbol Signs (1986), AS 2342 Design and Use of Graphic Symbols AS 2342 (1992) Development, testing and implementation of information and safety symbols and symbolic signs See Key Sources – RMCP – Information Signs an Interpretation.
Orientation signs	None or Limited	Limited	Comprehensive.	
Interpretation signs	None- Limited (management only).	Limited–Restricted to facilities.	Limited to Comprehensive	
Pre – visit info	None or minimal	Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guides Website– included in Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guides.	Site specific brochures Regional/Statewide Visitor's Guide Website–site specific.	See Key – RMCP – Information Signs and Interpretation
Management				
Litter/rubbish	Carry out policy.	Carry out policy or collection/recycling.	Collection/recycling.	Where established bins are provided, litter is not to exceed the capacity of the bins
Campsite registration	None or Self Registration (booth).	None or Self Registration Booth–Managed (staffed).	Managed (staffed)	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Staff patrol and inspections	Infrequent	Regular	Programmed	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy, PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Tree management	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Landscape, vegetation management	Slashing for fire or human safety only. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Mowing/slashing for fire safety and basic visitor access. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Mowing/slashing/planting for visitor access, open space and aesthetic appeal. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Consistent with statutory Management Plans. PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6)
Visitor Risk Control Spectrum				
Acceptable Risk Level	2WD access Moderate–substantial 4WD access Moderate to Severe	Neutral–Moderate	Neutral–Moderate	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy

1. Where plans do not currently exist, the preparation of a Development Application (DA) for a Visitor Site will trigger the plan requirement.
2. A *car parking area* may contain a single car parking space or many car parking spaces.
3. A *car parking space* is the space in which a single vehicle parks.
4. A *campsite* is an identifiable contiguous area that can accommodate one or a small number of tents.
5. *A camping area* may contain a single campsite or many campsites.
6. **Includes Hand Rail Requirements**

Reserves Standards Framework
Service Standards for Bushcamping Backcountry Visitor Sites

Services	Bushcamping Backcountry			Reference and Standards
Nature of Visit	Basic	Mid	Complex	
Visit Description	**Bush Camper – Get Away.** Overnight camping in bush areas with the aid of basic facilities. These visitors are self-reliant.		**Bush Camper– Comfort.** Overnight camping in semi-remote bush areas with some facilities provided. Degrees of comfort may vary from hut based walking to independent tent based trips.	Reserve Management Code of Practice 2003 (RMCP)
Site Planning				
Levels of Planning[1]	None - Guided by management zoning.	None – Concept Plan Guided by management zoning.	None – Concept Plan Guided by management zoning	
MP Zoning				
Land Management Zone	Recreation, Conservation 2	Recreation	Recreation	Land Management Zoning System
World Heritage Area Zone	Recreation, Self-Reliant Recreation	Recreation	Recreation	TWWHA Management Plan (1999)
Access				
Roads – surface (when required)	None – Generally access is by foot, may also be by boat/air.	None – Generally access is by foot, may also be by boat/air.	None – Generally access is by foot, may also be by boat/air.	Forest Practices Code (2000) See Key Sources – RMCP – Road
Campsite vehicle access	None	None	None	
Disabled access	None	None	None	
Carpark surface	None	None	None or Hardened	
Car parking Area[2]	None – informal carparks at trackheads.	None – informal carparks at trackheads.	Informal - formal carparks at trackheads.	See Key Sources – RMCP – Road
Car parking Space[3]	None	None	Unmarked – Marked/allocated	
Disabled parking (allocated/not)	None	None	None	
Coach parking	None	None	Informal - Marked/allocated	
Campsite[4] definition	Informal – Defined	Informal – Defined	Informal – Defined	
Camping Area[5] definition	Informal – Defined	Informal – Defined	Informal – Defined	
Amenities				
Toilet – system	Installed for environmental purposes only – non flushing	Installed for environmental purposes only – non flushing	Yes - non flush to mini flush (dependant of available services).	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013), Building Act 2000 Commercial Visitor Services licence/ lease
Toilet – structure	None–Building unlined May only be a simple structure to provide privacy or to maintain health and safety standards.	None – Building unlined May only be a simple structure to provide privacy or to maintain health and safety standards.	Building unlined.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas), Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas) (NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources– RMCP – Built Structures
Showers (Hot & Cold)	None	None	None	Tasmanian Plumbing Code (2013), Building Act 2000 (NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Shower enclosure	None	None	None	
Toilet & Shower– Hygiene and Cleanliness	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Water	None – Not potable with signage.	None – Not potable with signage.	None – Not potable with signage.	See Key Sources – RMCP – Drinking Water Quality Guidelines Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Lighting (facility, site, area, …)	None	None	None	
Seats & Tables	None–Minimal. Camping platforms, if installed may include some seating areas only for environmental protection.	None–Minimal. Camping platforms, if installed, may include some seating areas only for environmental protection.	Minimal - Complex Sufficient seating for all persons able to be accommodated in the hut.	See Key Sources– RMCP – Built Structures
Shelter	None – Basic May be historic huts.	None – Basic. May be historic huts	None-Basic May be historic huts. Basic shelter to allow walkers to prepare food away from camping area.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources – RMCP – Cultural Structures

	Bushcamping Backcountry			Reference and Standards
	Basic	Mid	Complex	
Huts (Designed for accommodation)	Defined where allowed	Defined where allowed	None–Designated camping nodes to be defined within a Concept Plan to identify footprint/ development envelope.	(NCC) National Construction Code, Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas)) See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures.
Fireplace/BBQ's	None	None	Defined by Concept Plan where permitted.	(NCC) National Construction Code, See Key Sources– RMCP – Built Structures
Telephone	None	None	None	
Food Service	None	None	None	
Powered sites	None	None	None	
Built structures	None – Minimal. All infrastructure only for environmental protection. May include limited track hardening, remote area toilets and camping platforms.	Minimal – complex. May include limited track hardening, remote area toilets (fly-out or compost) and camping platforms.	Minimal – Complex. May include extensive track hardening, remote area toilets (fly-out or compost) and camping platforms.	Liquor & Accommodation Act 1990 (Tas) (NCC) National Construction Code See Key Sources – RMCP – Built Structures
Recreation				
Walking tracks (where possible)	T3 – T4 (PWS) Class 4 – 5 (AS 2156)	T2 – T3 (PWS)Class 3 – 4 (AS 2156)	T1 – T2 (PWS) Class 3 (AS 2156)	PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks TWWHA Management Plan (1999), See Key Sources– RMCP – Walking Tracks
Information & Signage				
Directional signs	Directional signposts at start of T3 tracks and at junctions of T3 tracks or higher, eg. T2, T1, etc. Junctions with T4 tracks may be unsignposted; otherwise signposts should refer to the main (T2 or T3) track only. Signage on T4 tracks is only for management purposes.	Directional signposts at start of track and at junctions of T3 tracks or higher, eg. T2, T1, etc. Junctions with T4 tracks may be unsignposted; otherwise signposts should refer to the main (T2 or T3) track only.	Directional signposts at start of track and at junctions of T3 tracks or higher, eg. T2, T1, etc. Junctions with T4 tracks may be unsignposted; otherwise signposts should refer to the main (T1 or T2) track only.	PWS Outdoor Sign Manual (V1.1 2008) PWS (2003) Hazard Signage Standard Operating Procedures AS 2899.1 (1986) Public Information Symbol Signs AS 2342 Design and Use of Graphic Symbols AS 2342 (1992) Development, testing and implementation of information and safety symbols and symbolic signs See Key Sources – RMCP – Information Signs and Interpretation PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6)
Orientation signs	None - Limited	None - Limited	None – Limited	
Interpretation signs	None	None – Limited	None–Limited. For environmental education (within structures where provided), may be shelter/hut..	
Pre-visit info	Minimal	Minimal - Generic notesheets about visitor requirements and expectations (at registration booths).	Extensive pre visit information in guide books and web site. Use generally promoted and information provided on how to minimise impact.	
Management				
Litter/rubbish	Carry out policy.	Carry out policy.	Carry out policy.	Where established bins are provided, litter is not to exceed the capacity of the bins
Campsite registration	None	None	None	(NCC) National Construction CodeSee Key Sources–MCP - Built Structures
Staff patrol and inspections	Infrequent – Programmed	Infrequent – Programmed	Programmed	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Tree management	None	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	Will comply with Visitor Risk Management Policy.	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy, PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Landscape / vegetation management	None–Minimal. Clearing for track definition in limited areas only. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	None–Minimal. Clearing for track definition in limited areas only. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable	Track definition. Clearing as part of programmed maintenance system. Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable	Consistent with statutory Management Plans PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Visitor Risk Control Spectrum				
Acceptable Risk Level	Substantial – Severe	Moderate – Substantial	Moderate – Substantial	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy

1. Where plans do not currently exist, the preparation of a Development Application (DA) for a Visitor Site will trigger the plan requirement.
2. A *car parking area* may contain a single car parking space or many car parking spaces.
3. A *car parking space* is the space in which a single vehicle parks.
4. A *campsite* is an identifiable contiguous area that can accommodate one or a small number of tents
5. *A camping area* may contain a single campsite or many campsites
6. **Includes Hand Rail Requirements**

Reserves Standards Framework
Service Standards for Bushcamping – Remote Visitor Sites

Services	Bushcamping – Remote	Reference and Standards
Nature of Visit	**Remote**	
Visit description	Bush Campers – Remote. Overnight camping in bush areas with minimal facilities for environmental protection only.	Reserve Management Code of Practice 2003 (RMCP)
Site Planning		
Levels of Planning[1]	None Guided by management zoning.	
MP Zoning		
Land Management Zone	Conservation, Conservation 2	Land Management Zoning System
World Heritage Area Zone	Recreation, Self-Reliant Recreation, Wilderness	TWWHA Management Plan (1999)
Access		
Roads – surface (when required)	None – Access is generally by foot, may also be by boat/air.	
Campsite vehicle access	None	
Disabled access	None	
Carpark surface	None	
Car parking Area[2]	None – Informal carparks at trackheads.	Car parks - See Key Sources – RMCP – Roads
Car parking Space[3]	None	
Disabled parking (allocated/not)	None	
Coach parking	None	
Campsite[4] definition	Informal - Undefined	
Camping Area[5] definition	Informal	
Amenities		
Toilet - system	None - Installed for environmental purposes only.	(NCC) National Construction Code, Building Act 2000
Toilet - structure	None	
Showers (Hot & Cold)	None	
Shower enclosure	None	
Toilet & Shower - Hygiene and Cleanliness	Serviced as required for health and safety.	Public Health Act 1997 (Tas)
Water	None provided	
Lighting (facility, site, area,…)	None	
Seats & Tables	None	
Shelter	None	
Huts (Designed for accommodation)	None	
Fireplace/BBQ's	None	
Telephone	None	
Food Service	None	
Powered sites	None	
Built structures	None	
Recreation		
Walking tracks (where established)	T4 – Route (PWS) Class 5 - 6 (AS 2156)	PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6) , AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks TWWHA Management Plan (1999) See Key Sources – RMCP – Walking Tracks

	Bushcamping - Remote Remote	
Information and Signage		
Directional signs (to camping area)	None-Limited. Strictly for management and environmental protection purposes.	PWS Outdoor Sign Manual (V1.1 2008) PWS (2003) Hazard Signage Standard Operating Procedures AS 2899.1 (1986) Public Information Symbol Signs AS 2342 Design and Use of Graphic Symbols , AS 2342 (1992) Development, testing and implementation of information and safety symbols and symbolic signs See Key Sources – RMCP – Information Signs and Interpretation
Orientation signs	None	
Interpretation signs	None	
Pre-visit info	None	
Management		
Litter/rubbish	Carry out policy.	Where established bins are provided, litter is not to exceed the capacity of the bins
Campsite registration	None	
Staff patrol and inspections	Infrequent	PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks , PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Tree management	None	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Landscape/vegetation management	None - Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Consistent with statutory Management Plans TWWHA Management Plan (1999), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Visitor Risk Control Spectrum		
Acceptable Risk Level	Severe	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy

1 Where plans do not currently exist, the preparation of a Development Application (DA) for a Visitor Site will trigger the plan requirement.
2. A *car parking area* may contain a single car parking space or many car parking spaces.
3. A *car parking space* is the space in which a single vehicle parks.
4 A *campsite* is an identifiable contiguous area that can accommodate one or a small number of tents campsites.
5 A *camping area* may contain a single campsite or many.
6 Includes Hand Rail Requirements

Reserves Standards Framework
Service Standards for sites that are Not Managed for Visitor Services

Services	Not Managed for Visitor Services	Reference and Standards
Nature of Visit	**NMVS**	
Visit description	Sites that are Not Managed for Visitor Services are by nature managed predominantly for non-recreation values. Services and facilities are not provided.	Reserve Management Code of Practice 2003 (RMCP)
Site Planning		
Levels of Planning[1]	None Guided by management zoning.	
MP Zoning		
Land Management Zone	Conservation, Conservation 2	Land Management Zoning System
World Heritage Area Zone	Recreation, Self-Reliant Recreation, Wilderness	TWWHA Management Plan (1999)
Access		
Roads – surface (when required)	None – Access is generally by foot, may also be by boat/air.	
Campsite vehicle access	None	
Disabled access	None	
Carpark surface	None	
Car parking Area[2]	None	
Car parking Space[3]	None	
Disabled parking (allocated/not)	None	
Coach parking	None	
Campsite[4] definition	None - Informal - Undefined	
Camping Area[5] definition	Informal	
Amenities		
Toilet - system	None	
Toilet - structure	None	
Showers (Hot & Cold)	None	
Shower enclosure	None	
Toilet & Shower - Hygiene and Cleanliness	None	
Water	None	
Lighting (facility, site, area,…)	None	
Seats & Tables	None	
Shelter	None	
Huts (Designed for accommodation)	None	
Fireplace/BBQ's	None	
Telephone	None	
Food Service	None	
Powered sites	None	
Built structures	None	
Recreation		
Walking tracks	None	PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks TWWHA Management Plan (1999) See Key Sources – Walking Tracks
Information and Signage		
Directional signs	None - Strictly for management and environmental protection purposes.	PWS Outdoor Sign Manual (V1.1 2008) AS 2899.1 (1986) Public Information Symbol Signs AS 2342 Design and Use of Graphic Symbols AS 2342-(1992) Development, testing and implementation of information and safety symbols and symbolic signs See Key Sources – Information Signs and Interpretation
Orientation signs	None	
Interpretation signs	None	
Pre-visit info	None	

	Not Managed for Visitor Services NMVS	
Management		
Litter/rubbish	Carry out policy	Where established bins are provided, litter is not to exceed the capacity of the bins
Campsite registration	None	
Staff patrol and inspections	Infrequent	PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks, PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Tree management	None	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy
Landscape/vegetation management	None - Rehabilitation in degraded areas acceptable.	Consistent with statutory Management Plans PWS Walking Track Classification System (Policy P-036; 2013) (6), AS 2156 (2001) Walking Tracks
Visitor Risk Control Spectrum		
Acceptable Risk Level	Severe	PWS (2008) Visitor Risk Management Policy

1. Where plans do not currently exist, the preparation of a Development Application (DA) for a Visitor Site will trigger the plan requirement.
2. A *car parking area* may contain a single car parking space or many car parking spaces.
3. A *car parking space* is the space in which a single vehicle parks.
4. A *campsite* is an identifiable contiguous area that can accommodate one or a small number of tents campsites.
5. A *camping area* may contain a single campsite or many.
6. Includes Hand Rail Requirements